

GLOBAL  
EDITION



# Biology

*A Global Approach*

TWELFTH EDITION

Campbell • Urry • Cain  
Wasserman • Minorsky • Orr



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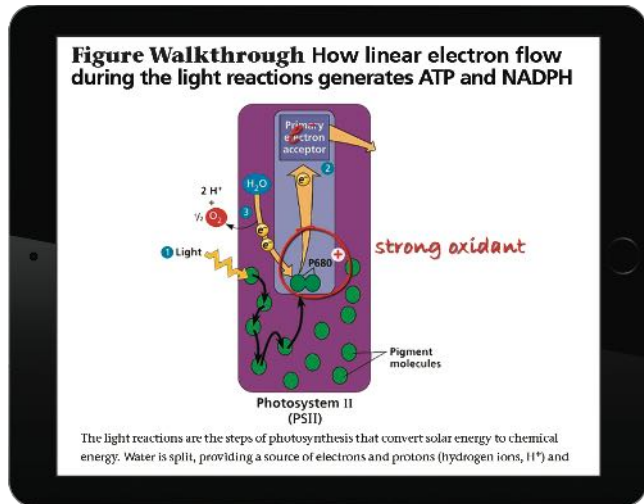
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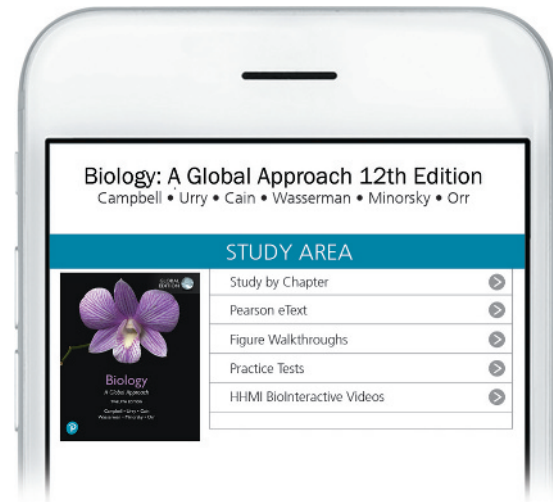
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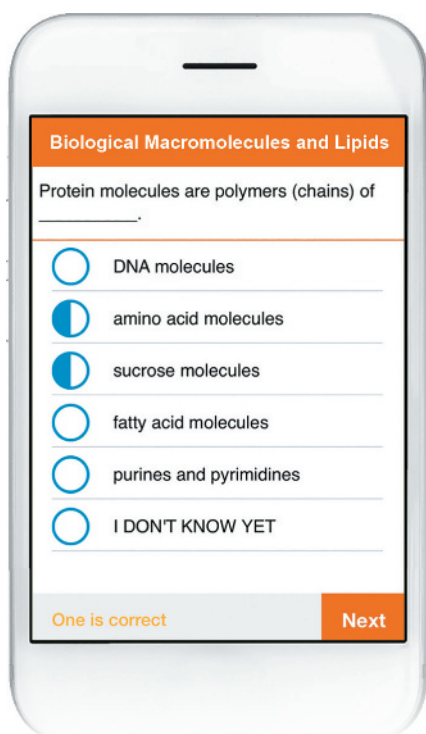
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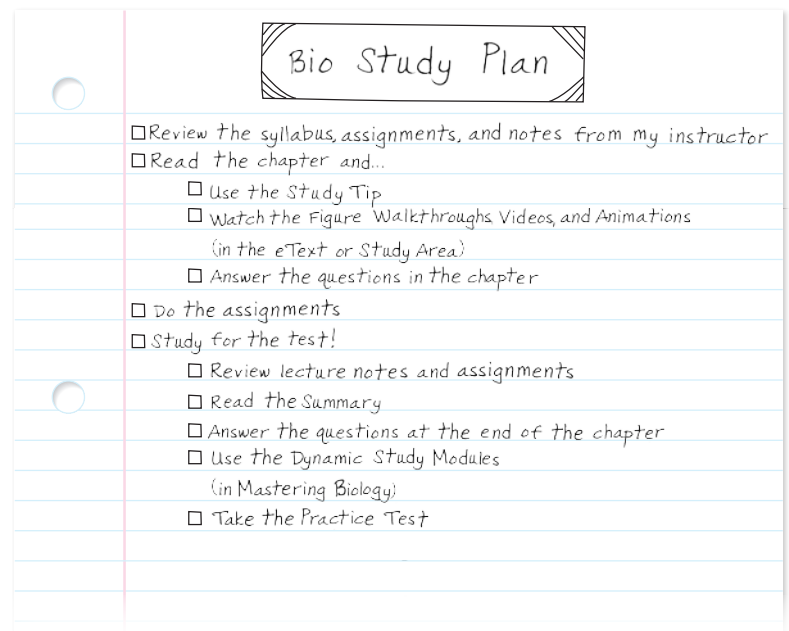
- ✓ Strengthen your knowledge in the **Mastering Biology Study Area**



- ✓ Prepare for your exams with the **Dynamic Study Modules**



- ✓ Use the tools in *Biology* and **Mastering Biology** to create a **Study Plan**. Your Study Plan might include:



# BIOLOGY

A Global Approach

TWELFTH EDITION

GLOBAL EDITION



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*Authorized adaptation from the United States edition, entitled Campbell Biology, 12th edition, ISBN 9780135188743, by Lisa A. Urry, Michael L. Cain, Steven A. Wasserman, Peter V. Minorsky, and Rebecca B. Orr, published by Pearson Education © 2021.*

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#### **British Library Cataloguing-in-Publication Data**

A catalogue record for this book is available from the British Library

Print ISBN 10: 1-292-34163-7

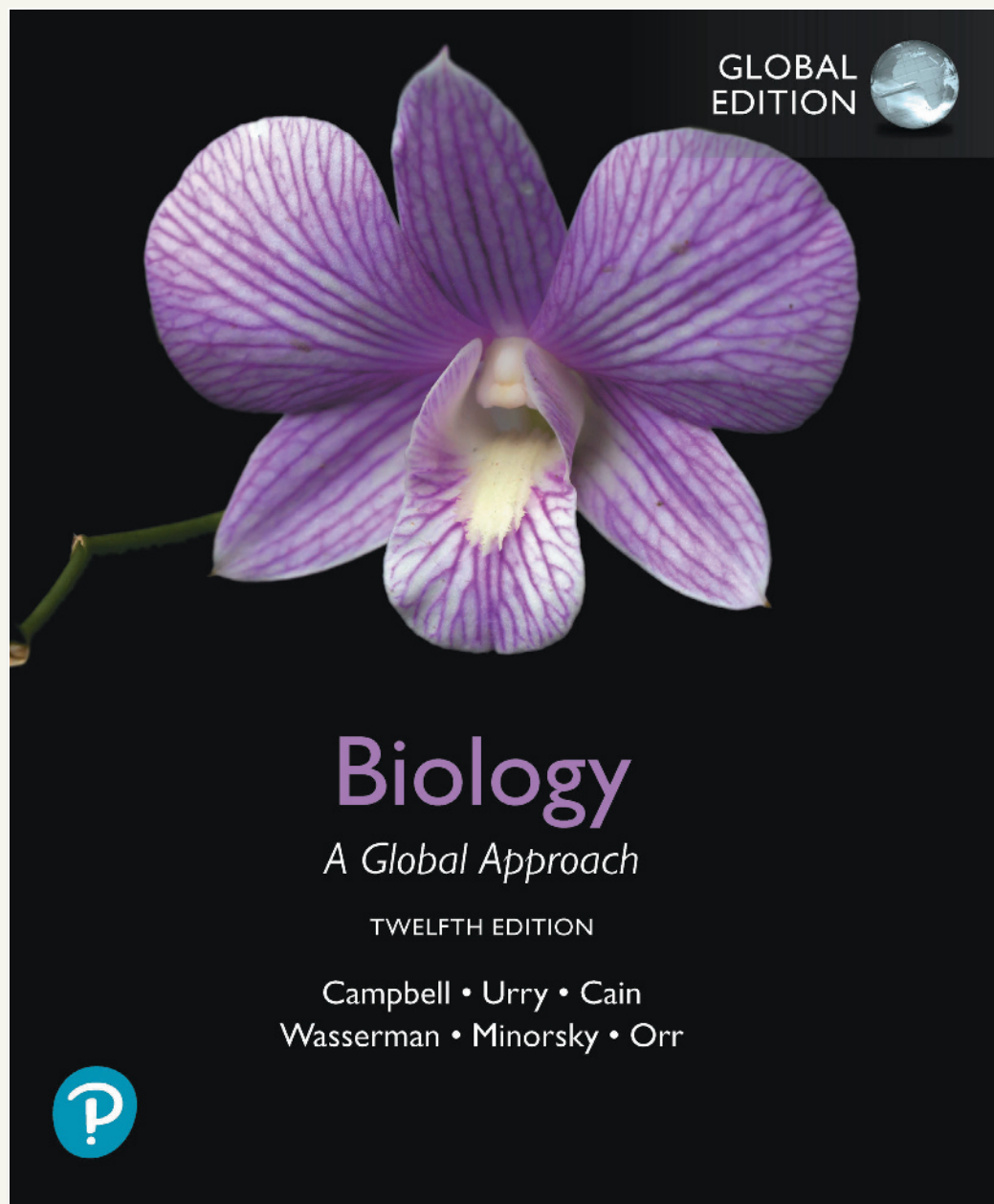
Print ISBN 13: 978-1-292-34163-7

eBook ISBN 13: 978-1-292-34169-9

Typeset by Integra Software Services

# Setting the Standard for Excellence, Accuracy, and Innovation

***Biology: A Global Approach, 12th Edition***, delivers an authoritative, accurate, current, and pedagogically innovative experience that helps students make connections so they learn and understand biology. This edition presents new, engaging visual and digital resources that meet demonstrated student needs.



# A New Visual Experience for Every Chapter

**NEW! Chapter Openers** introduce each chapter and feature a question answered with a clear, simple image to help students visualize and remember concepts as they move through each chapter. Each opener includes a Study Tip and highlights of interactive media in Mastering Biology.

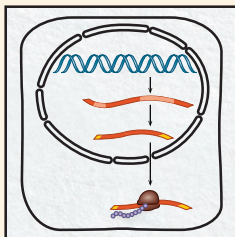
## 17 Expression of Genes

### KEY CONCEPTS

- 17.1** Genes specify proteins via transcription and translation p. 386
- 17.2** Transcription is the DNA-directed synthesis of RNA: *A Closer Look* p. 392
- 17.3** Eukaryotic cells modify RNA after transcription p. 395
- 17.4** Translation is the RNA-directed synthesis of a polypeptide: *A Closer Look* p. 397
- 17.5** Mutations of one or a few nucleotides can affect protein structure and function p. 407

### Study Tip

**Make a visual study guide:** Sketch the process shown below, and add labels and details as you read the chapter. (In this exercise, assume all processes take place in a eukaryotic cell.)



### Go to Mastering Biology

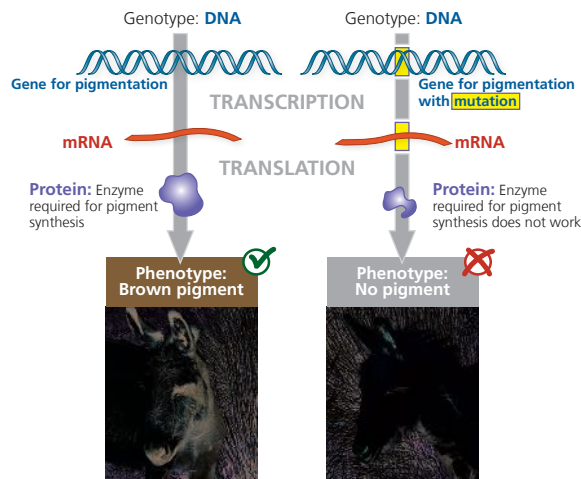
- For Students** (in Study Area)
- Get Ready for Chapter 17
  - BioFlix® Animation: Protein Synthesis
  - Figure 17.27 Walkthrough: Types of Small-Scale Mutations that Affect mRNA Sequence
- For Instructors to Assign** (in Item Library)
- BioFlix® Tutorial: Protein Synthesis (1 of 3): Overview
  - Tutorial: CRISPR: A Revolution in Genome Editing
- Ready-to-Go Teaching Module** (in Instructor Resources)
- Gene Expression: Mutations (Concept 17.5)



**Figure 17.1** A population of albino donkeys grazes on vegetation on the hillsides of Asinara, an Italian island. Several centuries ago, a recessive mutation that disables pigment synthesis arose in the DNA of one donkey and was passed down through the generations. Inbreeding has resulted in a large number of homozygous albino donkeys living on the island today.

### How can one change in DNA result in such a dramatic change in appearance?

Proteins are the link between genotype and phenotype. Gene expression is the process by which DNA directs the synthesis of proteins:



**NEW! A Visual Overview** helps students start with the big picture.

# 39 Plant Signals and Behavior

## KEY CONCEPTS

- 39.1** Signal transduction pathways link signal reception to response p. 897
- 39.2** Plants use chemicals to communicate p. 899
- 39.3** Responses to light are critical for plant success p. 909
- 39.4** Plants respond to a wide variety of stimuli other than light p. 915
- 39.5** Plants respond to attacks by pathogens and herbivores p. 920

### Study Tip

**Make a table:** As you read the chapter, add specific examples for each of the general categories of responses shown in the diagram.

Factor	Example of plant response
Light	Seed germination in response to red light

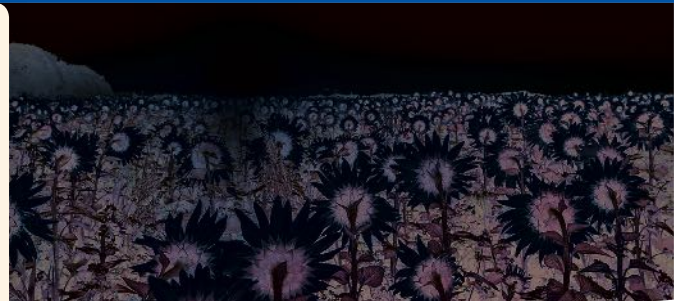
### Go to Mastering Biology

#### For Students (in Study Area)

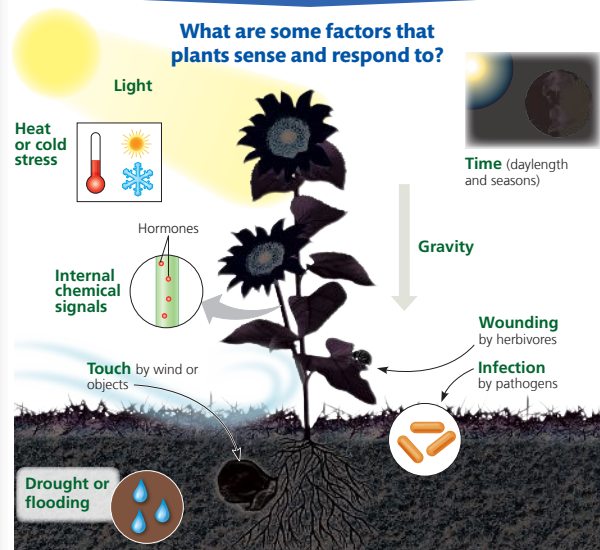
- Get Ready for Chapter 39
- Video: Gravitropism
- Video: *Mimosa* leaves

#### For Instructors to Assign (in Item Library)

- Activity: Leaf Abscission
- Activity: Plant Hormones



**Figure 39.1** Sunflowers track the sun from east to west each day. After sunset, they reverse direction, facing the direction of the next sunrise. By facing the hot sun during the day, the floral heads become warmer and release greater amounts of chemicals that attract pollinators. Light is just one of the many factors to which a plant responds.



**NEW! A Study Tip** provides an activity for students to help them organize and learn the information in the chapter.

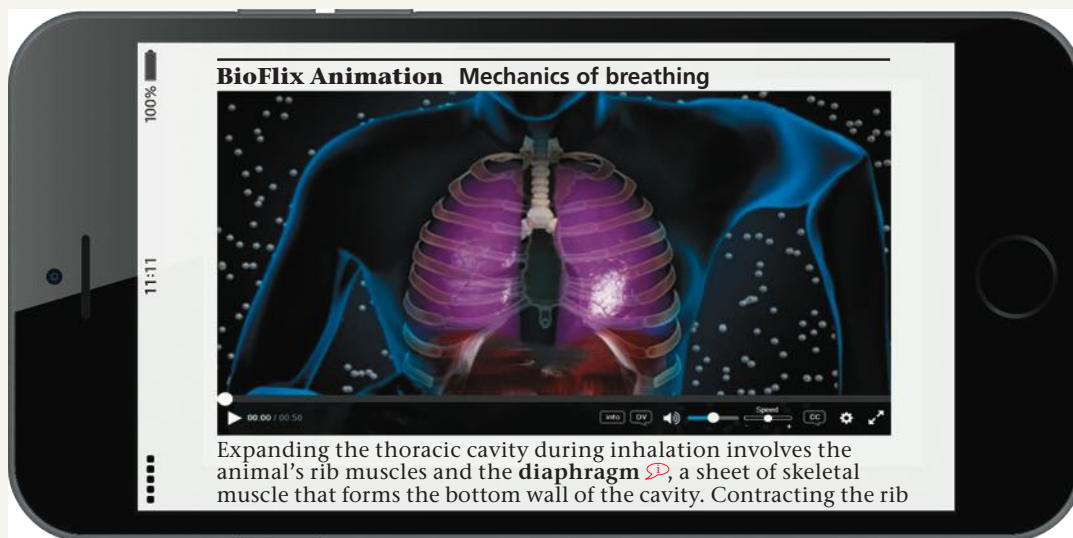
**NEW! Key Mastering Biology resources** are highlighted for students and instructors.



# Pearson eText for *Biology*: A Whole New Reading Experience

**NEW!** The **Pearson eText** is a simple-to-use, mobile-optimized, personalized reading experience. It allows students to easily highlight, take notes, and review vocabulary all in one place—even when offline. **Pearson eText for *Biology*** also includes **Figure Walkthroughs** and **500 videos and animations**.

**EXPANDED! 500 embedded Videos & Animations** help students visualize complex biology topics. These include: new HHMI BioInteractive Videos and Animations, new Figure Walkthroughs, BioFlix® 3-D Animations, Galápagos Videos by Peter and Rosemary Grant, and more.

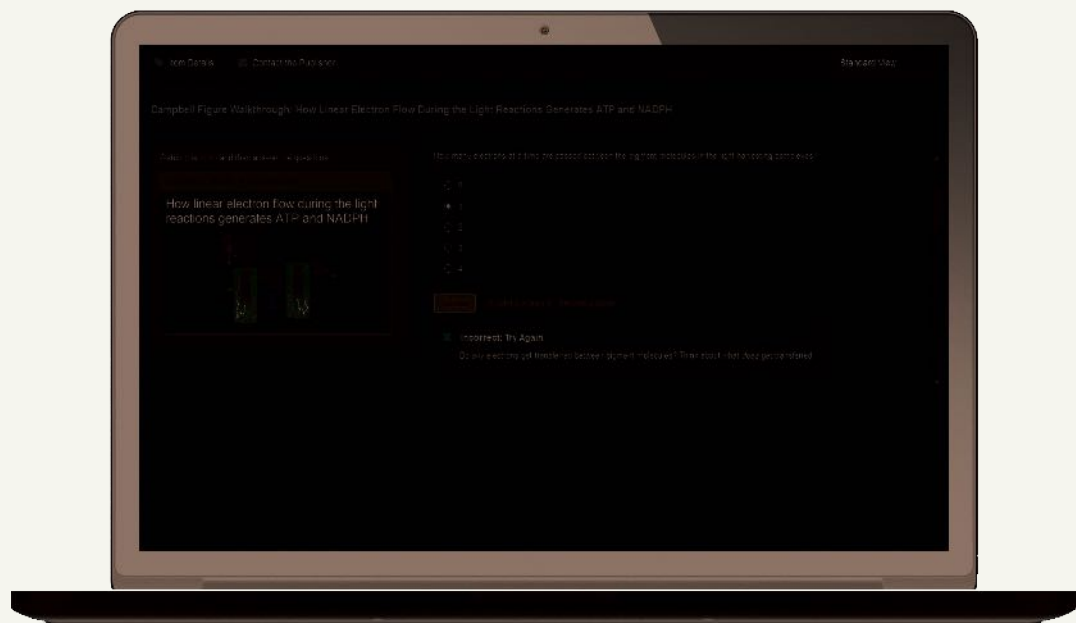
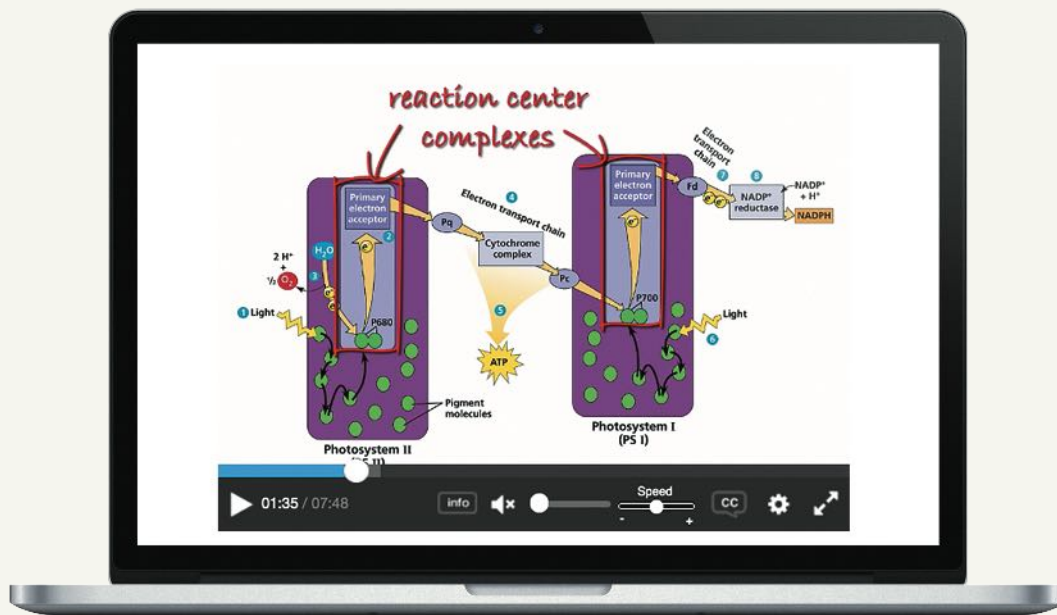


The Pearson eText app is available for download in the app store for approved devices.



# Bringing Innovative Art to Life

**NEW!** An expanded collection of **Figure Walkthroughs** guide students through key figures with narrated explanations and figure mark-ups that reinforce important points. **These are embedded in the eText and available for assignment in Mastering Biology.**



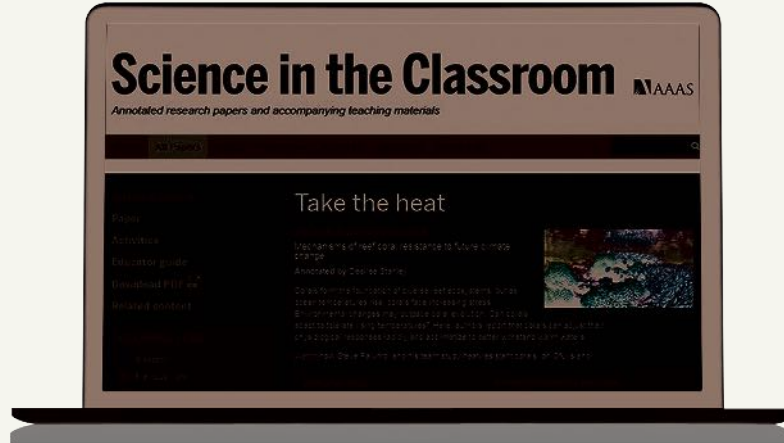
# Giving Students the Tools They Need to Succeed

Explore Scientific Papers with Science in the Classroom  AAAS

How are coral reefs responding to climate change?

Go to "Take the Heat" at [www.scienceintheclassroom.org](http://www.scienceintheclassroom.org).

→ **Instructors:** Questions can be assigned in Mastering Biology.



**NEW!** **Science in the Classroom** presents annotated journal articles from the **American Association for the Advancement of Science (AAAS)** and makes reading and understanding primary literature easier for students. The articles include assessments in Mastering Biology, allowing instructors to assign the journal articles.

# Make Connections Across Multiple Concepts

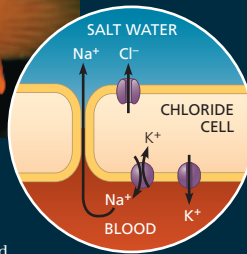
**Make Connections Figures** pull together content from different chapters, providing a visual representation of “big picture” relationships.

▼ Figure 44.17

## MAKE CONNECTIONS

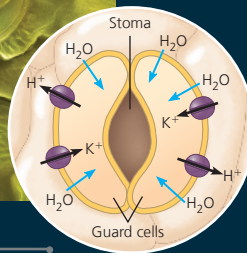
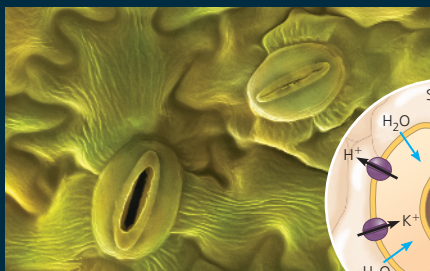
### Ion Movement and Gradients

The transport of ions across the plasma membrane of a cell is a fundamental activity of all animals, and indeed of all living things. By generating ion gradients, ion transport provides the potential energy that powers processes ranging from an organism’s regulation of salts and gases in internal fluids to its perception of and locomotion through its environment.



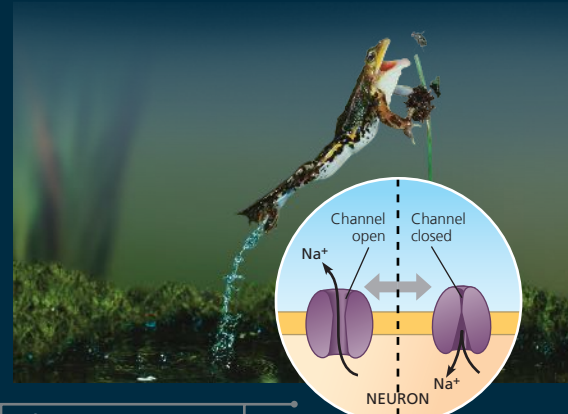
#### Osmoregulation

In marine bony fishes, ion gradients drive secretion of salt (NaCl), a process essential to avoid dehydration. Within gills, the pumps, cotransporters, and channels of specialized chloride cells function together to drive salt from the blood across the gill epithelium and into the surrounding salt water. (See Figure 44.3.)



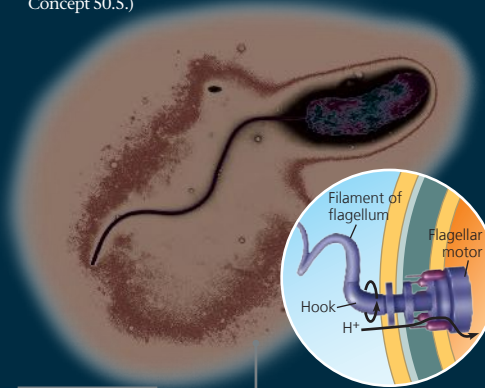
#### Gas Exchange

Ion gradients provide the basis for the opening of a plant stoma by surrounding guard cells. Active transport of  $H^+$  out of a guard cell generates a voltage (membrane potential) that drives inward movement of  $K^+$ . This uptake of  $K^+$  by guard cells triggers an osmotic influx of water that changes cell shape, bowing the guard cells outward and thereby opening the stoma. (See Concept 36.4.)



#### Information Processing

In neurons, transmission of information as nerve impulses is made possible by the opening and closing of channels selective for sodium or other ions. These signals enable nervous systems to receive and process input and to direct appropriate output, such as this leap of a frog capturing prey. (See Concept 48.3 and Concept 50.5.)



#### Locomotion

A gradient of  $H^+$  powers the bacterial flagellum. An electron transport chain generates this gradient, establishing a higher concentration of  $H^+$  outside the bacterial cell. Protons reentering the cell provide a force that causes the flagellar motor to rotate. The rotating motor turns the curved hook, causing the attached filament to propel the cell. (See Concept 10.4 and Figure 27.7.)

## MAKE CONNECTIONS

Explain why the set of forces driving ion movement across the plasma membrane of a cell is described as an electrochemical (electrical and chemical) gradient (see Concept 8.4).

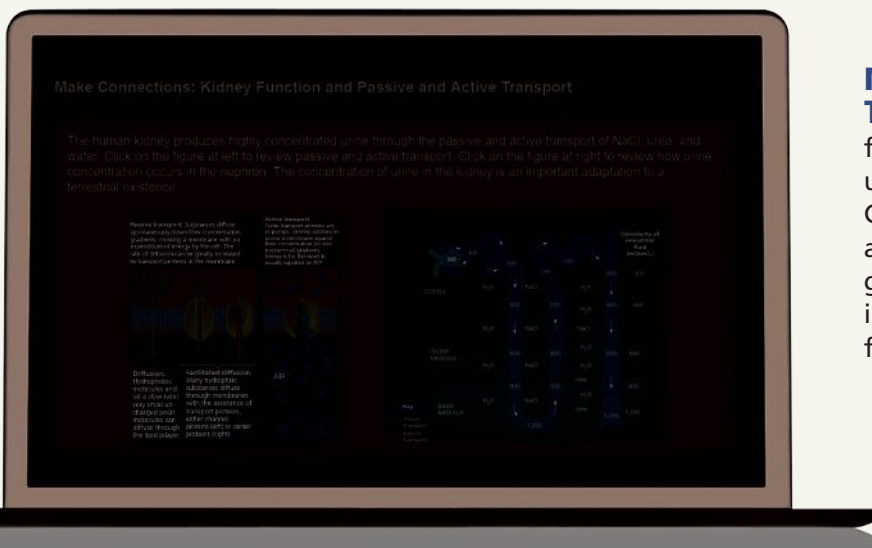
➔ Mastering Biology BioFlix® Animation: Membrane Transport

**Make Connections Questions** in every chapter ask students to relate content to material presented earlier in the course.

### CONCEPT CHECK 24.2

1. Summarize key differences between allopatric and sympatric speciation. Which type of speciation is more common, and why?
2. Describe two mechanisms that can decrease gene flow in sympatric populations, thereby making sympatric speciation more likely to occur.
3. **WHAT IF?** Is allopatric speciation more likely to occur on an island close to a mainland or on a more isolated island of the same size? Explain your prediction.
4. **MAKE CONNECTIONS** Review the process of meiosis in Figure 13.8. Describe how an error during meiosis could lead to polyploidy.

*For suggested answers, see Appendix A.*



**Make Connections Tutorials** connect content from two different chapters using art from the book. Make Connections Tutorials are assignable and automatically graded in Mastering Biology and include answer-specific feedback for students.

# Develop Scientific Skills

## Scientific Skills Exercise

### Analyzing Polypeptide Sequence Data

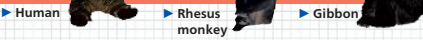
**Are Rhesus Monkeys or Gibbons More Closely Related to Humans?** In this exercise, you will look at amino acid sequence data for the  $\beta$  polypeptide chain of hemoglobin, often called  $\beta$ -globin. You will then interpret the data to hypothesize whether the monkey or the gibbon is more closely related to humans.

**How Such Experiments Are Done** Researchers can isolate the polypeptide of interest from an organism and then determine the amino acid sequence. More frequently, the DNA of the relevant gene is sequenced, and the amino acid sequence of the polypeptide is deduced from the DNA sequence of its gene.

**Data from the Experiments** In the data below, the letters give the sequence of the 146 amino acids in  $\beta$ -globin from humans,

Species	Alignment of Amino Acid Sequences of $\beta$ -globin
Human	1 VHLTPEEKA VTLWGKVN DEVGGEALGR LLVYYPWTQR FFESFGDLST
Monkey	1 VHLTPEEKNA VTTLWGKVN DEVGGEALGR LLLVYYPWTQR FFESFGDLSS
Gibbon	1 VHLTPEEKSA VTALWGKVNV DEVGGEALGR LLVYYPWTQR FFESFGDLST
Human	51 PDAVMGNPKV KAHGKKVLGA FSDGLAHLDN LKGTFAATLE LHCCKLHVDPP
Monkey	51 PDAVMGNPKV KAHGKKVLGA FSDGLNHLND LKGTFAQLSE LHCCKLHVDPP
Gibbon	51 PDAVMGNPKV KAHGKKVLGA FSDGLAHLDN LKGTFAQLSE LHCCKLHVDPP
Human	101 ENFRLLGNVL VCVLAHFGK EFTPPVQAAY QKVVAGVANA LAHKYH
Monkey	101 ENFRLLGNVL VCVLAHFGK EFTPPVQAAY QKVVAGVANA LAHKYH
Gibbon	101 ENFRLLGNVL VCVLAHFGK EFTPPVQAAY QKVVAGVANA LAHKYH

**Data from Human:** <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/protein/AAA21113.1>; **rhesus monkey:** <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/protein/122634>; **gibbon:** <http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/protein/122616>



rhesus monkeys, and gibbons. Because a complete sequence would not fit on one line here, the sequences are divided into three segments: amino acids 1–50, 51–100, and 101–146. The sequences for the three different species are aligned so that you can compare them easily. For example, you can see that for all three species, the first amino acid is V (valine) and the 146th amino acid is H (histidine).

### INTERPRET THE DATA

- Scan the monkey and gibbon sequences, letter by letter, circling any amino acids that do not match the human sequence. (a) How many amino acids differ between the monkey and the human sequences? (b) Between the gibbon and human?
- For each nonhuman species, what percent of its amino acids are identical to the human sequence of  $\beta$ -globin?
- Based on these data alone, state a hypothesis for which of these two species is more closely related to humans. What is your reasoning?
- What other evidence could you use to support your hypothesis?

**Instructors:** A version of this Scientific Skills Exercise can be assigned in **Mastering Biology**.

**Scientific Skills Exercises** in every chapter of the text use real data to build key skills needed for biology, including data analysis, graphing, experimental design, and math skills. Each exercise is also available as an automatically graded assignment in **Mastering Biology** with answer-specific feedback for students.

**Problem-Solving Exercises** guide students in applying scientific skills and interpreting real data in the context of solving a real-world problem. A version of each Problem-Solving Exercise can also be assigned in **Mastering Biology**.

## PROBLEM-SOLVING EXERCISE

### Can declining amphibian populations be saved by a vaccine?

Amphibian populations are declining rapidly worldwide. The fungus *Batrachochytrium dendrobatidis* (*Bd*) has contributed to this decline: This pathogen causes severe skin infections in many amphibian species, leading to massive die-offs. Efforts to save amphibians from *Bd* have had limited success, and there is little evidence that frogs and other amphibians have acquired resistance to *Bd* on their own.



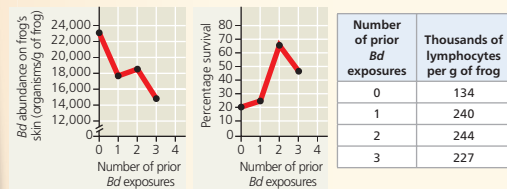
Yellow-legged frogs (*Rana muscosa*) in California killed by *Bd* infection

**Instructors:** A version of this Problem-Solving Exercise can be assigned in **Mastering Biology**.

In this exercise, you will investigate whether amphibians can acquire resistance to the fungal pathogen *Bd*.

**Your Approach** The principle guiding your investigation is that prior exposure to a pathogen can enable amphibians to acquire immunological resistance to that pathogen. To see whether this occurs after exposure to *Bd*, you will analyze data on acquired resistance in Cuban tree frogs (*Osteopilus septentrionalis*).

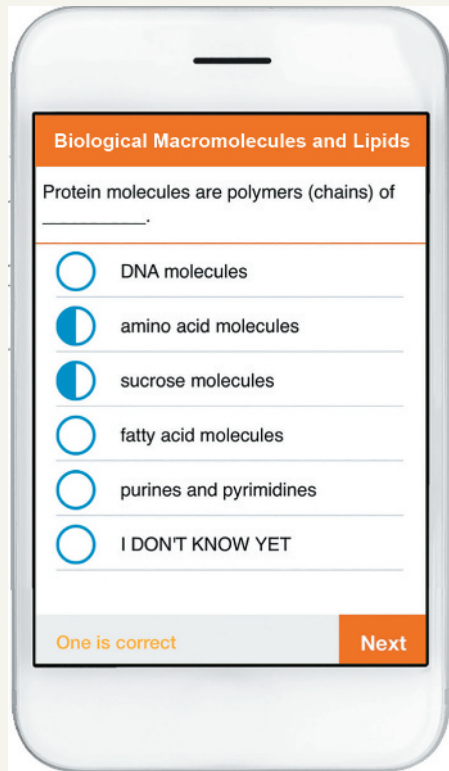
**Your Data** To create variation in number of prior exposures to *Bd*, Cuban tree frogs were exposed to *Bd* and cleared of their infection (using heat treatments) from zero to three times; frogs with no prior exposures are referred to as "naive." Researchers then exposed frogs to *Bd* and measured mean abundance of *Bd* on the frog's skin, frog survival, and abundance of lymphocytes (a type of white blood cell involved in the vertebrate immune response).



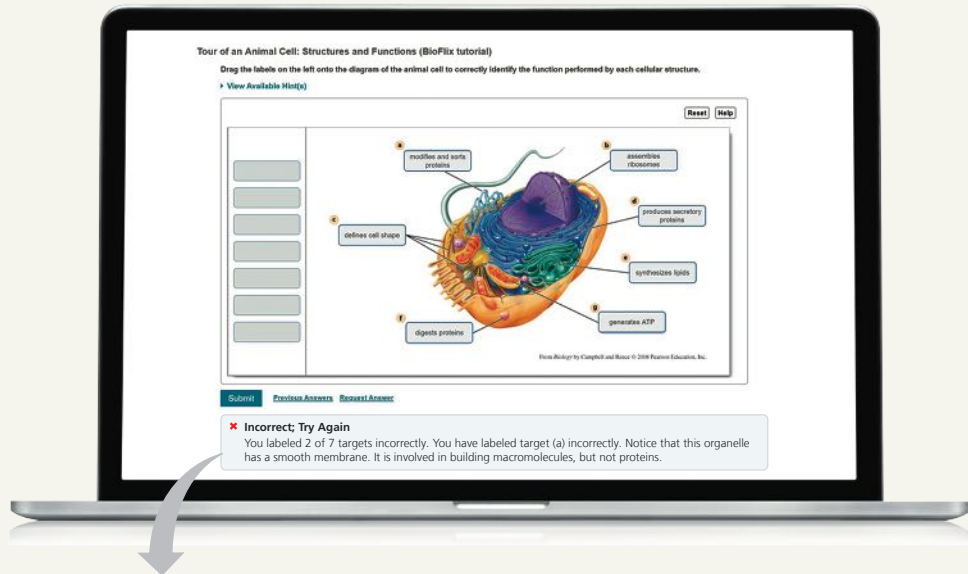
### Your Analysis

- Describe and interpret the results shown in the figure.
- (a) Graph the data in the table. (b) Based on these data, develop a hypothesis that explains the results discussed in question 1.
- Breeding populations of amphibian species threatened by *Bd* have been established in captivity. In addition, evidence suggests that Cuban tree frogs can acquire resistance after exposure to dead *Bd*. Based on this information and your answers to questions 1 and 2, suggest a strategy for repopulating regions decimated by *Bd*.

# Innovation in Assessment



**Dynamic Study Modules** use the latest developments in cognitive science to help students study by adapting to their performance in real time. Students build confidence and understanding, enabling them to participate and perform better, both in and out of class. Available on smartphones, tablets, and computers.



**Incorrect; Try Again**

You labeled 2 of 7 targets incorrectly. You have labeled target (a) incorrectly. Notice that this organelle has a smooth membrane. It is involved in building macromolecules, but not proteins.



**Wrong-Answer Feedback** Using data gathered from all of the students using the program, **Mastering Biology** offers wrong-answer feedback that is specific to each student. Rather than simply providing feedback of the "right/wrong/try again" variety, Mastering Biology guides students toward the correct final answer without giving the answer away.

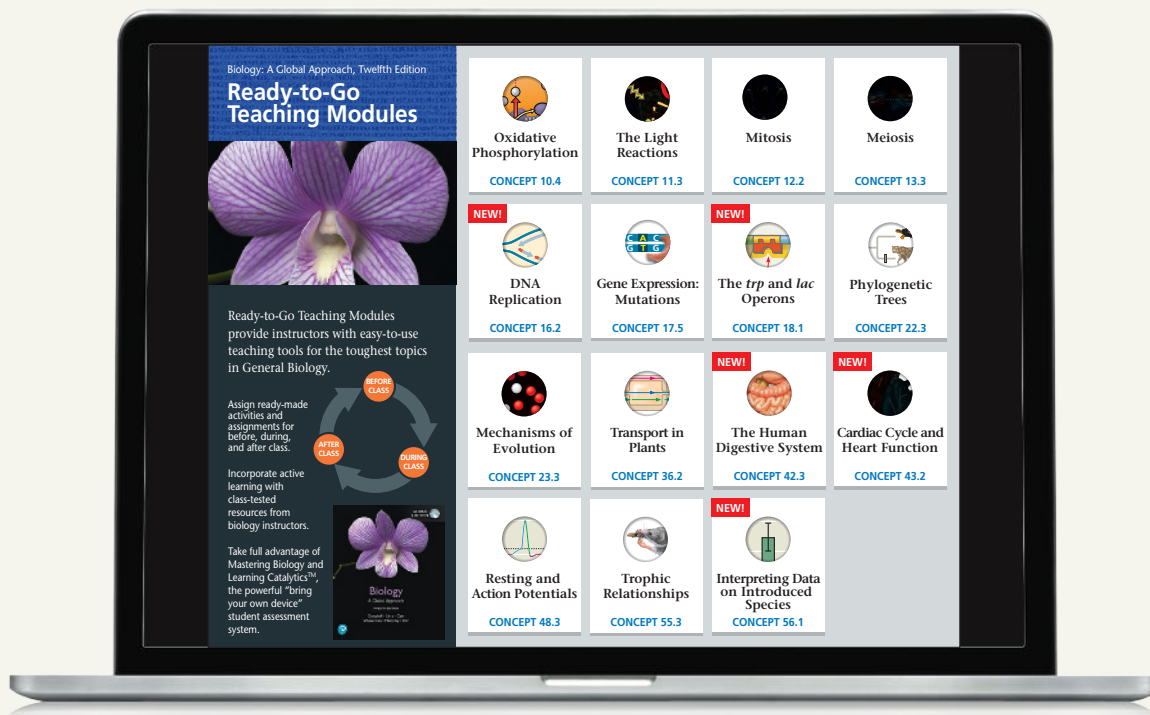
"I wouldn't have passed my class without Mastering Biology. The feedback doesn't just tell me I'm wrong, it gave me a paragraph of feedback on why I was wrong and how I could better understand it."

—Student, University of Texas at Arlington

**UPDATED! Test Bank questions** have been analyzed and revised with student success in mind. Revisions account for how students read, analyze, and engage with the content.

# Innovation in Instructor Resources

**NEW! 5 new Ready-to-Go Teaching Modules** expand the number of modules to 15. These instructor resources are designed to make use of teaching tools before, during, and after class, including new ideas for in-class activities. The modules incorporate the best that the text, **Mastering Biology**, and **Learning Catalytics** have to offer and can be accessed through the Instructor Resources area of Mastering Biology.



**NEW! Early Alerts** in **Mastering Biology** help instructors know when students may be struggling in the course. This insight enables instructors to provide personalized communication and support at the moment students need it so they can stay—and succeed—in the course.





## About the Authors

The author team's contributions reflect their biological expertise as researchers and their teaching sensibilities gained from years of experience as instructors at diverse institutions. They are also experienced textbook authors, having written *Campbell Biology in Focus* in addition to *Biology*.



**Neil A. Campbell** (1946–2004) earned his M.A. from the University of California, Los Angeles, and his Ph.D. from the University of California, Riverside. His research focused on desert and coastal plants. Neil's 30 years of teaching included introductory biology courses at Cornell University, Pomona College, and San Bernardino Valley College, where he received the college's first Outstanding Professor Award in 1986. For many years he was also a visiting scholar at UC Riverside. Neil was the founding author of *Biology*.



**Lisa A. Urry** is Professor of Biology at Mills College. After earning a B.A. at Tufts University, she completed her Ph.D. at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology (MIT). Lisa has conducted research on gene expression during embryonic and larval development in sea urchins. Deeply committed to promoting opportunities in science for women and underrepresented minorities, she has taught courses ranging from introductory and developmental biology to an immersive course on the U.S./Mexico border.



**Michael L. Cain** is an ecologist and evolutionary biologist who is now writing full-time. Michael earned an A.B. from Bowdoin College, an M.Sc. from Brown University, and a Ph.D. from Cornell University. As a faculty member at New Mexico State University, he taught introductory biology, ecology, evolution, botany, and conservation biology. Michael is the author of dozens of scientific papers on topics that include foraging behavior in insects and plants, long-distance seed dispersal, and speciation in crickets. He is also a coauthor of an ecology textbook.



**Steven A. Wasserman** is Professor of Biology at the University of California, San Diego (UCSD). He earned an A.B. from Harvard University and a Ph.D. from MIT. Working on the fruit fly *Drosophila*, Steve has done research on developmental biology, reproduction, and immunity. Having taught genetics, development, and physiology to undergraduate, graduate, and medical students, he now focuses on introductory biology, for which he has been honored with UCSD's Distinguished Teaching Award.



**Peter V. Minorsky** is Professor of Biology at Mercy College in New York, where he teaches introductory biology, ecology, and botany. He received his A.B. from Vassar College and his Ph.D. from Cornell University. Peter taught at Kenyon College, Union College, Western Connecticut State University, and Vassar College; he is also the science writer for the journal *Plant Physiology*. His research interests concern how plants sense environmental change. Peter received the 2008 Award for Teaching Excellence at Mercy College.



**Rebecca B. Orr** (Ready-to-Go Teaching Modules, Interactive Visual Activities, eText Media Integration) is Professor of Biology at Collin College in Plano, Texas, where she teaches introductory biology. She earned her B.S. from Texas A&M University and her Ph.D. from University of Texas Southwestern Medical Center at Dallas. Rebecca has a passion for investigating strategies that result in more effective learning and retention, and she is a certified Team-Based Learning Collaborative Trainer Consultant. She enjoys focusing on the creation of learning opportunities that both engage and challenge students.

**To Jane, our coauthor, mentor, and friend. Enjoy your retirement!** LAU, MLC, SAW, and PVM

We are honored to present *Biology: A Global Approach*, which has been adapted from *Campbell Biology*, Twelfth Edition, for a global audience. For the last three decades, *Biology* has been the leading college text in the biological sciences. It has been translated into 19 languages and has provided millions of students with a solid foundation in college-level biology. This success is a testament not only to Neil Campbell's original vision but also to the dedication of hundreds of reviewers (listed on pages 29–33), who, together with editors, artists, and contributors, have shaped and inspired this work.

Our goals for the Twelfth Edition include:

- **supporting students** with new visual presentations of content and new study tools
- **supporting instructors** by providing new teaching modules with tools and materials for introducing, teaching, and assessing important and often challenging topics
- **integrating text and media** to engage, guide, and inform students in an active process of inquiry and learning

Our starting point, as always, is our commitment to crafting text and visuals that are accurate, are current, and reflect our passion for teaching biology.

## New to This Edition

Here we provide an overview of the new features that we have developed for the Twelfth Edition; we invite you to explore pages 5–15 for more information and examples.

- **NEW! Chapter Openers Re-envisioned.** Catalyzed by feedback from students and instructors, informed by data analytics, and building on the results of science education research, we have redesigned the opening of every chapter of the text. The result is more visual, more interactive, and more engaging. In place of an opening narrative, the first page of each chapter is organized around three new elements that provide students with the specific tools and approaches needed to achieve the learning objectives of that chapter:
  - **NEW! Visual Overview.** Centered on a basic biological question related to the opening photo and legend, the Visual Overview illustrates a core idea of the chapter with straightforward art and text. Students get an immediate sense of what the chapter is about and what kinds of thinking will underlie its exploration.
  - **NEW! Study Tip.** Just as the Visual Overview introduces students to *what* they will learn, the study tip offers guidance in *how* to learn. It encourages students to learn actively through such proven strategies as drawing a flow chart, labeling a diagram, or making a table. Each tip provides an effective strategy for tackling important content in the chapter.



- **NEW! Highlights of Digital Resources.** In conversations with users of the textbook, we often encounter a limited awareness of the digital tools the text provides to facilitate instruction and learning. We therefore created *Go to Mastering Biology*, a chapter opener section where we highlight some of the tutorials, animations, and other interactives available for students to explore on their own or for instructors to assign. These resources include Get Ready for This Chapter questions, Figure Walkthroughs, HHMI BioInteractive videos, Ready-to-Go Teaching Modules, and more.

- **NEW! Updated Content.** As in each new edition of *Biology*, the Twelfth Edition incorporates new content, summarized on pages 19–21. Content updates reflect rapid, ongoing changes in knowledge about climate change, genomics, gene-editing technology (CRISPR), evolutionary biology, microbiome-based therapies, and more. In addition, Unit 7 includes a new section on “Biological Sex, Gender Identity, and Sexual Orientation in Human Sexuality,” which provides instructors and students with a thoughtful, clear, and current introduction to topics of tremendous relevance to biology, to student lives, and to current public discourse and events.
- **5 NEW! Ready-to-Go Teaching Modules.** The Ready-to-Go Teaching Modules provide instructors with active learning exercises and questions to use in class, plus Mastering Biology assignments that can be assigned before and after class. A total of 15 modules are now available in the Instructor Resources area of Mastering Biology.

## Pearson eText

Students using the Pearson eText will reap all the benefits of the new text features, while also benefiting from the following new and existing interactive resources:

- **NEW!** An expanded collection of the popular **Figure Walkthroughs** guide students through key figures with narrated explanations and figure mark-ups that reinforce important points.
- **NEW!** Links to the **AAAS Science in the Classroom** website provide research papers from *Science* with annotations to help students understand the papers. These links are included at the end of each appropriate chapter.
- **EXPANDED! 500 animations and videos** bring biology to life. These include new resources from **HHMI BioInteractive** that engage students in topics from CRISPR to coral reefs.

- Links to **Interviews** from all editions of *Biology* are included in the chapter where they are most relevant. The interviews show students the human side of science by featuring diverse scientists talking about how they became interested in biology and what inspires them.

For more information, see pages 8–10.

## Mastering Biology

**Mastering Biology** provides valuable resources for instructors to assign homework and for students to study on their own:

- **Assignments.** Mastering Biology is the most widely used online assessment and tutorial program for biology, providing an extensive library of thousands of tutorials and questions that are graded automatically.
  - **NEW! Early Alerts** give instructors a quick way to monitor students' progress and provide feedback, even before the first test.
  - **NEW! AAAS Science in the Classroom** journal articles can be assigned with automatically graded questions.
  - Hundreds of self-paced **tutorials** provide individualized coaching with specific hints and feedback on the most difficult topics in the course.
  - Optional **Adaptive Follow-up Assignments** provide additional questions tailored to each student's needs.
- **Pearson eText.** The Pearson eText, described above, can be directly accessed from Mastering Biology.
- **Dynamic Study Modules.** These popular review tools can be assigned, or students can use them for self-study.
- **Study Area.** Media references in the printed book direct students to the wealth of online self-study resources available to them in the Mastering Biology Study Area, including Figure Walkthroughs, videos, animations, Get Ready for This Chapter, Practice Tests, Cumulative Test, and more.
- **Instructor Resources.** This area of Mastering Biology provides one-stop shopping for Ready-to-Go Teaching Modules, PowerPoints, Clicker Questions, animations, videos, the Test Bank, and more.

For more information, see pages 14–15 and 25–26 and visit [www.masteringbiology.com](http://www.masteringbiology.com).

## Our Hallmark Features

Teachers of general biology face a daunting challenge: to help students acquire a conceptual framework for organizing an ever-expanding amount of information. The hallmark features of *Biology* provide such a framework, while promoting a deeper understanding of biology and the process of science. As such,

they are well-aligned with the core competencies outlined by the **Vision and Change** national conferences, organized by the American Association for the Advancement of Science, where hundreds of biologists met to discuss the needs of undergraduate biology. Furthermore, the core concepts defined by Vision and Change have close parallels in the unifying themes that are introduced in Chapter 1 and integrated throughout the book.

Chief among the themes of both Vision and Change and *Biology* is **evolution**. Each chapter of this text includes at least one Evolution section that explicitly focuses on evolutionary aspects of the chapter material, and each chapter ends with an Evolution Connection Question and a Write About a Theme Question.

To help students distinguish “the forest from the trees,” each chapter is organized around a framework of three to seven carefully chosen **Key Concepts**. The text, Concept Check Questions, Summary of Key Concepts, and Mastering Biology resources all reinforce these main ideas and essential facts.

Because text and illustrations are equally important for learning biology, **integration of text and figures** has been a hallmark of *Biology* since the First Edition. The new Visual Overviews, together with our popular Visualizing Figures, Exploring Figures, and Make Connections Figures, epitomize this approach.

To encourage **active reading** of the text, *Biology* includes numerous opportunities for students to stop and think about what they are reading, often by putting pencil to paper to draw a sketch, annotate a figure, or graph data. Answering these questions requires students to write or draw as well as think and thus helps develop the core competency of communicating science.

Finally, *Biology* has always featured **scientific inquiry**. The inquiry activities provide students practice in applying the process of science and using quantitative reasoning, addressing core competencies from Vision and Change.

## Our Partnership with Instructors and Students

The real test of any textbook is how well it helps instructors teach and students learn. We welcome comments from both students and instructors. Please address your suggestions to:

Lisa Urry (Chapter 1 and Units 1–3): [lurry@mills.edu](mailto:lurry@mills.edu)  
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# Highlights of New Content

This section highlights selected new content in *Biology*, Twelfth Edition. In addition to the content updates noted here, every chapter has a **new Visual Overview** on the chapter opening page.

## Unit 1 THE ROLE OF CHEMISTRY IN BIOLOGY

In Unit 1, new content engages students in learning foundational chemistry. Chapter 2 includes a new micrograph of the tiny hairs on a gecko's foot that allow it to walk up a wall. The opening photo for Chapter 3 features a ringed seal, a species endangered by the melting of Arctic sea ice due to climate change. Chapter 3 also has added coverage on the discovery of a large subsurface reservoir of liquid water on Mars and the first CO<sub>2</sub> enhancement study done on an unconfined natural coral reef (both reported in 2018). Chapter 4 now includes the discovery of carbon-based compounds on Mars reported by NASA in 2018.

### ▼ Figure 6.1

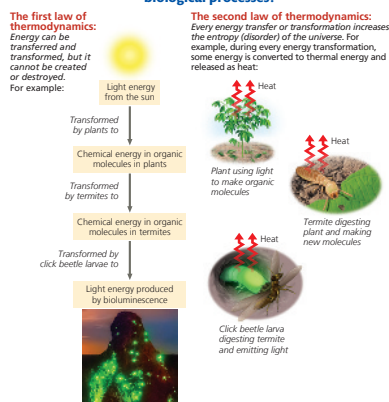
In Chapter 5, the technique of cryo-electron microscopy is introduced, due to its increasing importance in the determination of molecular structure.

**Figure 6.1** includes a new photo of bioluminescent click beetle larvae on the outside of a termite mound and a new Visual Overview that illustrates how the laws of thermodynamics apply to metabolic reactions like bioluminescence.



**Figure 6.1** The green glowing spots on the outside of this Brazilian termite mound are larvae of the click beetle, *Pyrophorus rufus*. These larvae convert the energy stored in organic molecules to light, a process called bioluminescence, which attracts termites that the larvae eat. Bioluminescence and other metabolic activities in a cell are energy transformations that are subject to physical laws.

### How do the laws of thermodynamics relate to biological processes?



## Unit 2 CELL BIOLOGY

Our main goal for this unit was to make the material more accessible, inviting, and exciting to students. Chapter 7 includes a new text description of cryo-electron microscopy (cryo-EM) and a new cryo-EM image in Figure 7.3. Art has been added to Figure 7.17 to illustrate the dynamic nature of mitochondrial networks. Chapter 8 begins with a new chapter-opening image showing neurotransmitter release during exocytosis.

In Chapter 9, the relevance of synaptic signaling is underscored by mentioning that it is a target for treatment of depression, anxiety, and PTSD. Chapter 10 includes new

information on human brown fat usage, the role of fermentation during the production of chocolate, and recent research on the role of lactate in mammalian metabolism. Chapter 11 begins with a new concept that puts photosynthesis into a big-picture ecological context. Chapter 11 also includes a discussion of the 2018 discovery of a new form of chlorophyll found in cyanobacteria that can carry out photosynthesis using far-red light. In Chapter 12, the cell cycle figure (Figure 12.6) now includes cell images and labels describing the events of each phase.

## Unit 3 THE GENETIC BASIS OF LIFE

Chapters 13–17 incorporate changes that help students grasp the more abstract concepts of genetics and their chromosomal and molecular underpinnings. For example, a new Concept Check 13.2 question asks students about shoes as an analogy for chromosomes. In Chapter 14, the classic idea of a single gene determining hair or eye color, or even earlobe attachment, is discussed as an oversimplification. Also, the “Fetal Testing” section has been updated to reflect current practices in obstetrics. Chapter 15 now includes new information on “three-parent” babies. In Concept 16.3, the text and Figure 16.23 have been extensively revised to reflect recent models of the structure and organization of interphase chromatin, as well as how chromosomes condense during preparation for mitosis. Chapter 17 now describes the mutation responsible for the albino phenotype of the Asinara donkeys featured in the chapter-opening photo. To make it easier to cover CRISPR, a new section has been added to Concept 17.5 describing the CRISPR-Cas9 system, including Figure 17.28, “Gene editing using the CRISPR-Cas9 system” (formerly Figure 19.14).

Chapters 18–20 are extensively updated, driven by exciting new discoveries based on DNA sequencing and gene-editing technology. In Chapter 18, the coverage of epigenetic inheritance has been enhanced and updated, including the new **Figure 18.8**. Also in Chapter 18, a description of topologically associated domains has been added, along with an update on the 4D Nucleome Network. Chapter 19 has been extensively updated, including addition of two new subsections, “Personal Genome Analysis” and “Personalized Medicine,” with new information

### ▼ Figure 18.8 Examples of epigenetic inheritance.



(a) Effects of maternal diet on genetically identical mice.



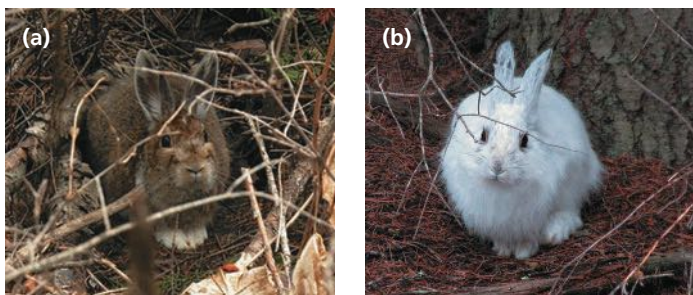
(b) The Dutch Hunger Winter.

on direct-to-consumer genome analysis. Other updates include the first cloning of a primate, stem cell treatment of age-related macular degeneration, CRISPR correction of the sickle-cell disease allele in mice, and a report of gene editing of fertilized human eggs that resulted in live births. Chapter 20 updates include results of the Cancer Genome Atlas Project, a newly discovered function of retrotransposon transcription, and new information on the *FOXP2* gene.

## Unit 4 EVOLUTION

The revision of Unit 4 uses an evidence-based approach to strengthen how we help students understand key evolutionary concepts. For example, new text in Concept 24.3 describes how hybrids can become reproductively isolated from both parent species, leading to the formation of a new species. Evidence supporting this new material comes from a 2018 study on the descendants of hybrids between two species of Galápagos finches and provides an example of how scientists can observe the formation of a new species in nature. In Concept 25.2, the discussion of fossils as a form of scientific evidence is supported by a new figure (Figure 25.5) that highlights five different types of fossils and how they are formed. The unit also features new material that connects evolutionary concepts and societal issues. For example, in Chapter 23, new text and a new figure (Figure 23.19) describe how some snowshoe hare populations have not adapted to ongoing climate change, causing them to be poorly camouflaged in early winter and leading to increased mortality. Additional changes include a new section of text in Chapter 21 and a figure (Figure 21.22) describing biogeographical evidence for evolution in a group of freshwater fishes that cannot survive in salt water, yet live in regions separated by wide stretches of ocean. In Chapter 25, a new figure (Figure 25.11) provides fossil evidence of an enormous change in the evolutionary history of life: the first appearance of large, multicellular eukaryotes.

### ▼ Figure 23.19 Lack of variation in a population can limit adaptation.

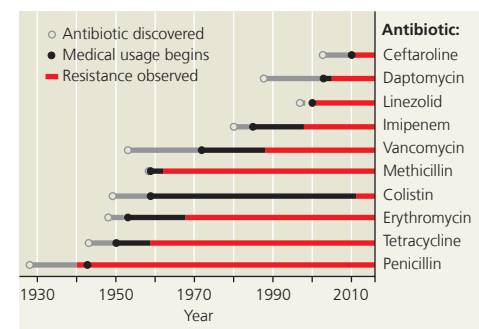


## Unit 5 THE DIVERSITY OF LIFE

In keeping with our goal of developing students' skills in interpreting visual representations in biology, we have added a new Visualizing Figure, Figure 32.8, "Visualizing

Animal Body Symmetry and Axes." New Visual Skills Questions provide practice on topics such as interpreting phylogenetic trees and using graphs to infer how rapidly antibiotic resistance evolves in bacteria. In Chapter 26, the topic of emerging viral diseases has been updated extensively and reorganized to clearly differentiate influenza viruses that are emerging from those that cause seasonal flu. Other Chapter 26 updates include information on vaccine programs, mentioning a large measles outbreak in 2019 that correlated with lower vaccination rates in that region. Information has also been added on improvement of treatment regimes for HIV. Chapter 31 has been significantly revised to account for new fossil discoveries and updates to the phylogenetic tree of fungi (Figure 31.10). Chapter 34 has been updated with recent genomic data and fossil discoveries indicating that Neanderthals and Denisovans are more closely related to each other than to humans and that they interbred with each other (and with humans), including two new figures (Figures 34.51 and 34.52b). In Chapter 29, a new figure (Figure 29.1) provides a visual overview of major steps in the colonization of land by plants, and revisions to text in Concept 29.1 strengthen our description of derived traits of plants that facilitated life on land. Chapter 27 includes a new section of text that describes the rise of antibiotic resistance and multidrug resistance and discusses novel approaches in the search for new antibiotics. This new material is supported by two new figures, Figure 27.22 and Figure 27.23. Other updates include the revision of many phylogenies to reflect recent phylogenomic data; a new Inquiry Figure (Figure 28.26) on the root of the eukaryotic tree; and new text describing the 2017 discovery of 315,000-year-old fossils of a hominin that had facial features like those of humans, while the back of its skull was elongated, as in earlier species.

► **Figure 27.22**  
**The rise of antibiotic resistance.**



## Unit 6 PLANTS: STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION

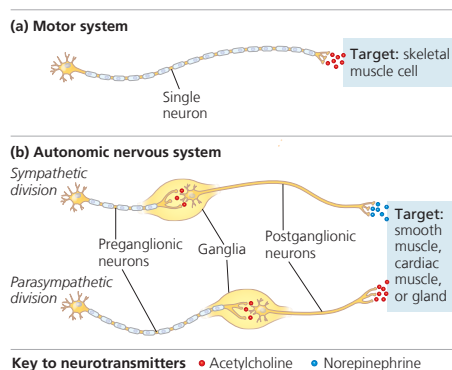
In Chapter 35, greater emphasis is placed on how structure fits function in vascular plants by way of a new Visual Overview. In Chapter 36, a new Visual Skills Question provides a quantitative exercise in estimating stomatal density. Chapter 37 begins with an emphasis on the importance of crop fertilization in feeding the world. To increase student engagement, renewed emphasis is placed on the link between the nutrition of plants and the

nutrition of the organisms, including humans, that feed on them. Table 37.1 concerning plant essential elements has been expanded to include micronutrients as well as macronutrients. In Concept 37.2, a new subsection titled “Global Climate Change and Food Quality” discusses new evidence that global climate change may be negatively impacting the nutritional mineral content of crops. In Chapter 38, the discussion of genetic engineering and agriculture has been enhanced by a discussion of biofortification and by updates concerning “Golden Rice.” Chapter 39 includes new updates on the location of the IAA receptor in plant cells and the role of abscisic acid in bud dormancy. The introduction to Concept 39.2 has been revised to emphasize that plants use many classes of chemicals in addition to the classic hormones to communicate information.

## Unit 7 ANIMALS: STRUCTURE AND FUNCTION

The Unit 7 revisions feature pedagogical innovations coupled with updates for currency. A striking new underwater image of Emperor penguins (Figure 40.1) opens the unit and highlights the contributions of form, function, and behavior to homeostasis in general as well as to the specific topic of thermoregulation. The artwork used to introduce and explore homeostasis throughout the unit (Figures 40.8, 40.17, 41.18, 42.23, 43.28, 44.19, and 44.21) has been improved and refined to provide a clear and consistent presentation of the role of perturbation in triggering a response. In Chapter 47, the introduction of the adaptive immune response has been shifted to later in the chapter, allowing students to build on the features of innate immunity before tackling the more demanding topic of the adaptive response. In Chapter 45, a new section of text in Concept 45.4 provides a clear and current introduction to “Biological Sex, Gender Identity, and Sexual Orientation in Human Sexuality.” In Chapter 48, the structural overview of neurons is now completed before the introduction of information processing. A new illustration, **Figure 49.8**, provides a concise visual comparison of sympathetic and parasympathetic neurons with each other and with motor neurons of the CNS. In addition, in-depth consideration of glia is now provided in Concept 49.1, where it is more logically integrated into the overview of nervous systems. Among the content updates that enhance currency and student engagement

► **Figure 49.8**  
Comparison of pathways in the motor and autonomic nervous systems.

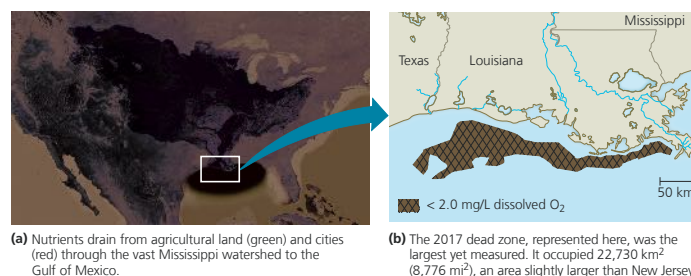


throughout the unit are discussions of phage therapy and fecal transplantation, state-of-the-art treatments that both rely on microbiome data, and chronic traumatic encephalopathy (CTE), as well as the latest findings on dinosaur locomotion (Concept 40.1), the awarding of a Nobel Prize in 2017 in the field of circadian rhythms (Concept 40.2), and reference to the ongoing public health crisis of opioid addiction in the context of considering the brain’s reward system (Concept 49.5).

## Unit 8 THE ECOLOGY OF LIFE

Complementary goals of the Unit 8 revision were to strengthen our coverage of core concepts while also increasing our coverage of how human actions affect ecological communities. Revisions include a new section of text and a new figure (Figure 51.7) on how plants (and deforestation) can affect the local or regional climate; a new section of text in Concept 55.1 that summarizes how ecosystems work; new text and a new figure (Figure 51.25) illustrating how rapid evolution can cause rapid ecological change; new material in Concept 55.2 on eutrophication and how it can cause the formation of large “dead zones” in aquatic ecosystems; and new text and a new figure (Figure 54.22) on how the abundance of organisms at each trophic level can be controlled by bottom-up or top-down control. A new figure (**Figure 56.23**) shows the extent of the record-breaking 2017 dead zone in the Gulf of Mexico and the watershed that contributes to its nutrient load. In addition, Concept 56.1 includes a new section that describes attempts to use cloning to resurrect species lost to extinction, while Concept 56.4 includes a new section of text and two new figures (Figure 56.27 and 56.28) on plastic waste, a major and growing environmental problem. In keeping with our book-wide goal of expanding our coverage of climate change, Chapter 56 has a new Scientific Skills Exercise in which students interpret changes in atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> concentrations. Chapter 55 describes how climate warming is causing large regions of tundra in Alaska to release more CO<sub>2</sub> than they absorb (thereby contributing to further climate warming); a new figure (Figure 56.32) describes human and natural factors that contribute to rising global temperatures; and a new section of text in Concept 56.4 describes how global climate change models are developed and why they are valuable.

▼ **Figure 56.23** A dead zone arising from nitrogen pollution in the Mississippi basin.



# Skills Exercises

## Scientific Skills Exercises

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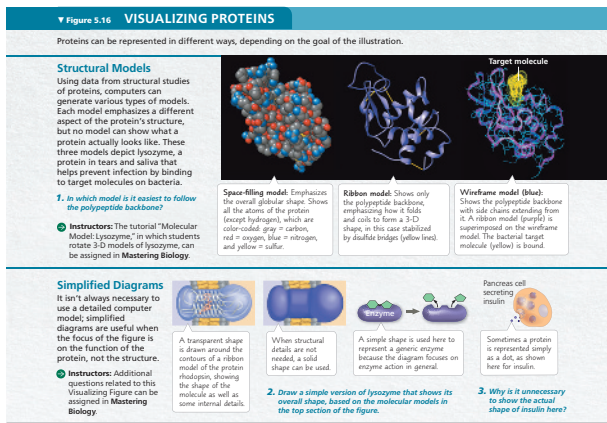
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\*Available only in Mastering Biology. All other Scientific Skills Exercises are in the print book, eText, and Mastering Biology.

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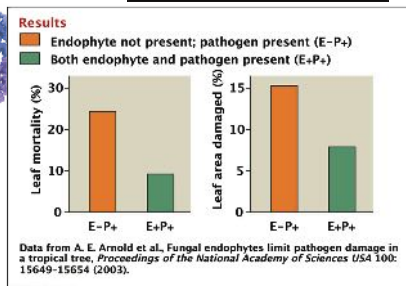
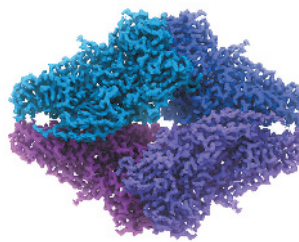
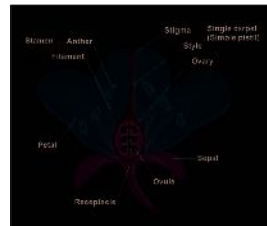
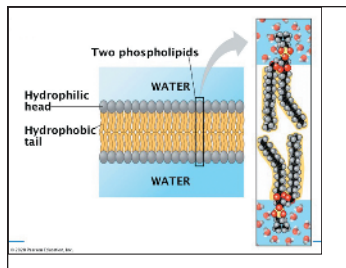
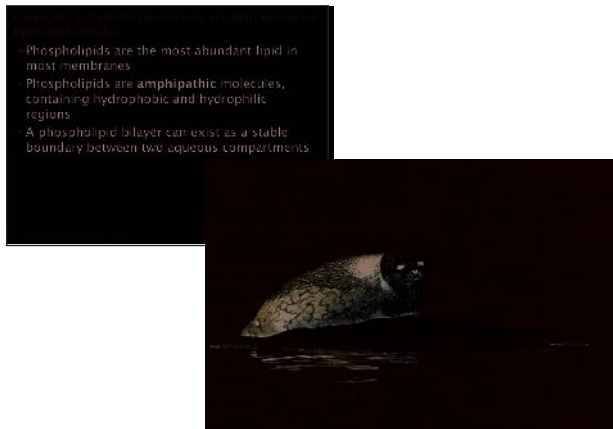
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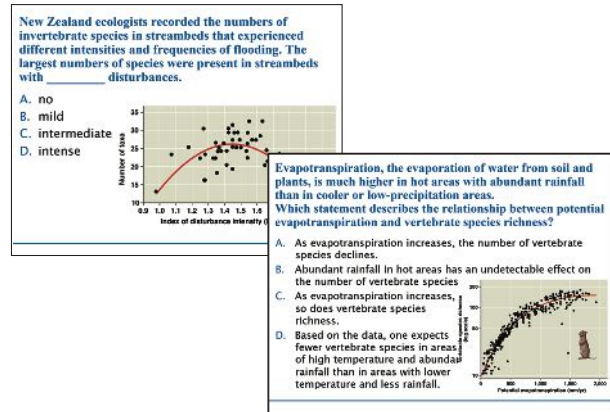
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# Acknowledgments

The authors wish to express their gratitude to the global community of instructors, researchers, students, and publishing professionals who have contributed to the Twelfth Edition of *Campbell Biology*.

As authors of this text, we are mindful of the daunting challenge of keeping up to date in all areas of our rapidly expanding subject. We are grateful to the many scientists who helped shape this text by discussing their research fields with us, answering specific questions in their areas of expertise, and sharing their ideas about biology education. We are especially grateful to the following, listed alphabetically: Graham Alexander, Elizabeth Atkinson, Kristian Axelsen, Ron Bassar, Christopher Benz, David Booth, George Brooks, Abby Dernberg, Jean DeSaix, Alex Engel, Rachel Kramer Green, Fred Holtzclaw, Theresa Holtzclaw, Tim James, Kathy Jones, Azarias Karamanlidis, Gary Karpen, Joe Montoya, Laurie Nemzer, Kevin Peterson, T. K. Reddy, David Reznick, Thomas Schneider, Alastair Simpson, Martin Smith, Steven Swoap, and John Taylor. In addition, the biologists listed on pages 29–32 provided detailed reviews, helping us ensure the text's scientific accuracy and improve its pedagogical effectiveness. Thanks also to Mary Camuso and Ann Sinclair for contributing a creative Study Tip for their fellow students.

Thanks also to the other professors and students, from all over the world, who contacted the authors directly with useful suggestions. We alone bear the responsibility for any errors that remain, but the dedication of our consultants, reviewers, and other correspondents makes us confident in the accuracy and effectiveness of this text.

Interviews with prominent scientists have been a hallmark of *Campbell Biology* since its inception, and conducting these interviews was again one of the great pleasures of revising the book. To open the eight units of this edition, we are proud to include interviews with Kenneth Olden, Diana Bautista, Francisco Mojica, Cassandra Extavour, Penny Chisholm, Dennis Gonsalves, Steffanie Strathdee, and Chelsea Rochman.

Mastering Biology and the other electronic accompaniments for this text are invaluable teaching and learning aids. We are grateful to the contributors for the Ready-to-Go Teaching Modules: Chad Brassil, Ruth Buskirk, Eileen Gregory, Angela Hodgson, Molly Jacobs, Bridgette Kirkpatrick, Maureen Leupold, Jennifer Metzler, Karen Resendes, Justin Shaffer, Allison Silveus, Jered Studinski, Cynthia Surmacz, Sara Tallarovic, and Carole Twichell. We would also like to extend our sincere appreciation to Carolyn Wetzel for her hard work on the Figure Walkthroughs. And our gratitude goes to Bryan Jennings and Roberta Batorsky for their work on the Reading Questions. Thanks also to Ann Brokaw and Bob Cooper for their contributions to the AAAS Science in the Classroom activities; we also appreciate the support of Beth Reudi, Shelby Lake, and Lydia Kaprelian from AAAS.

The value of *Campbell Biology* as a learning tool is greatly enhanced by the supplementary materials that have been created for instructors and students. We recognize that the dedicated authors of these materials are essentially writing mini (and not so mini) books. We appreciate the hard work and creativity of all the authors listed, with their creations, on pages 25–26. We are also grateful to Kathleen Fitzpatrick and Nicole Tunbridge (PowerPoint® Lecture Presentations); Roberta Batorsky, Douglas Darnowski, James Langeland, and David Knochel (Clicker Questions); Sonish Azam, Ford Lux, Karen Bernd, Janet Lanza, Chris Romero, Marshall Sundberg, Justin Shaffer, Ed Zalisko, and David Knochel (Test Bank).

*Campbell Biology* results from an unusually strong synergy between a team of scientists and a team of publishing professionals.

Our editorial team at Pearson Education again demonstrated unmatched talents, commitment, and pedagogical insights. Josh Frost, our Manager of Higher Ed Global Content Strategy for Life Sciences, brought publishing savvy, intelligence, and a much-appreciated

level head to leading the whole team. The clarity and effectiveness of every page owe much to our extraordinary Supervising Editors Beth Winickoff and Pat Burner, who worked with a top-notch team of Senior Developmental Editors in John Burner, Mary Ann Murray, Hilair Chism, Andrew Recher, and Mary Hill. Our unsurpassed Director of Content Development Ginnie Simone Jutson and Courseware Portfolio Management Director Beth Wilbur were indispensable in moving the project in the right direction. We also want to thank Robin Heyden for organizing the annual Biology Leadership Conferences and keeping us in touch with the world of AP Biology. We also extend our thanks to Ashley Fallon, Editorial Assistant, Chelsea Noack, Associate Content Analyst, and Rebecca Berardy Schwartz, Product Manager.

You would not have this beautiful text if not for the work of the production team: Director, Content Production & Digital Studio Erin Gregg; Managing Producer Michael Early; Senior Content Producer Lori Newman; Photo Researcher Maureen Spuhler; Copy Editor Joanna Dinsmore; Proofreader Pete Shanks; Rights & Permissions Manager Ben Ferrini; Rights & Permissions Project Manager Matt Perry; Senior Project Manager Margaret McConnell and the rest of the staff at Integra Software Services, Inc.; Art Production Manager Rebecca Marshall, Artist Kitty Auble, and the rest of the staff at Lachina Creative; Design Manager Mark Ong; Text and Cover Designer Jeff Puda; and Manufacturing Buyer Stacey Weinberger. We also thank those who worked on the text's supplements: Project Manager Shiny Rajesh and her team at Integra Software Services.

For creating the wonderful package of electronic media that accompanies the text, we are grateful to Senior Content Developer Sarah Jensen; Content Producers Kaitlin Smith and Ashley Gordon; Director, Production & Digital Studio Katie Foley; Director, Production & Digital Studio Laura Tommasi; Supervising Media Producer Tod Regan; Specialist, Instructional Design and Development Sarah Young-Dualan; Digital Program Manager, Science, Caroline Ayres; Project Manager Katie Cook; Media Producer Ziki Dekel; Manager, Creative Technology Greg Davis; and Senior Learning Tools Strategist Kassi Foley.

For their important roles in marketing the text and media, we thank Alysun Estes, Kelly Galli, Jane Campbell, Brad Parkins, and Stacey Abraham. For their enthusiasm, encouragement, and support, we are grateful to Jeanne Zalesky, Director, Global Higher Ed Content Management and Strategy, Science & Health Sciences; Michael Gillespie, Director, Higher Ed Product Management, Life Sciences; Adam Jaworski, VP Product Management Higher Ed, Science; and Paul Corey, SVP Global Content Strategy, Higher Ed.

The Pearson sales team, which represents *Campbell Biology* on campus, is an essential link to the users of the text. They tell us what you like and don't like about the text, communicate the features of the text, and provide prompt service. We thank them for their hard work and professionalism. For representing our text to our international audience, we thank our sales and marketing partners throughout the world. They are all strong allies in biology education.

Finally, we wish to thank our families and friends for their encouragement and patience throughout this long project. Our special thanks to Lily and Alex (L.A.U.); Debra and Hannah (M.L.C.); Aaron, Sophie, Noah, and Gabriele (S.A.W.); Natalie (P.V.M.); and Jim, Abby, Dan, and Emily (R.B.O). Thanks to Jane Reece, now retired, for her generosity and thoughtfulness throughout her many years as a *Campbell* author. And, as always, thanks to Rochelle, Allison, Jason, McKay, and Gus.

Lisa A. Urry, Michael L. Cain, Steven A. Wasserman,  
Peter V. Minorsky, and Rebecca B. Orr

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